



PRAVARA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Loni, Tal. Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar 413736
NAAC Re-accredited with 'A' Grade

SYLLABUS

PG Programme- MD (PHARMACOLOGY)

(As per MCI Regulations Governing PG Programme 2000 Amended up to May, 2018)

I. Preamble

The purpose of PG education is to create specialists who would provide high quality health care and advance the cause of science through research & training.

Pharmacology consists of both the experimental (basic) and clinical sciences. Experimental pharmacology is essential to understanding of drug action in diseases as well as for the pharmaceutical industry for drug discovery and development. Clinical pharmacology is essential for prescribing practice in medicine, adverse drug reactions, clinical trial and pharmacovigilance. The job prospects for a medical pharmacologist are in academics, pharmaceutical industry/clinical research organization, government research institutions, in regulatory bodies and as scientific writer or science manager. Accordingly, a post graduate (MD) student in Pharmacology should be competent to meet the job requirements at all these places.

The applied nature of the discipline, the move towards integrated course structures, the widening of discipline boundaries and increasing number of students seeking post graduation degree raise issues concerning maintaining and improving competency as along with maintenance of academic standards. These issues also necessitate integration with other biomedical and clinical disciplines. A pragmatic approach to postgraduate pharmacology teaching in India is an important step towards addressing the aforesaid challenges and facilitating a fresh curriculum design.

The purpose of this document is to provide teachers and learners illustrative guidelines to achieve defined outcomes through learning and assessment. This document was prepared by various subject-content specialists. The Reconciliation Board of the Academic Committee has attempted to render uniformity without compromise to purpose and content of the document. Compromise in purity of syntax has been made in order to preserve the purpose and content. This has necessitated retention of "domains of learning" under the heading "competencies".

II. SUBJECT SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At the end of the MD training programme in Pharmacology, the student should acquire competencies in the following areas:

1. Acquisition of knowledge

The student should be able to explain clearly concepts and principles of Pharmacology and therapeutics. The student should also be able to explain the drug development processes. S/he should be able to explain Drugs and Cosmetics Act, in addition to clinical trial procedures.

2. Teaching and training

The student should be able to effectively teach undergraduate students in medicine (MBBS) and allied health science courses (Dentistry and Nursing) so they become competent healthcare professionals and able to contribute to training of postgraduate trainees.

3. Research

The student should be able to carry out a research project (both basic and clinical) from planning to publication and be able to pursue academic interests and continue life-long learning to become more experienced in all the above areas and to eventually be able to guide postgraduates in their thesis work.

III. SUBJECT SPECIFIC COMPETENCIES

The student during the training program should acquire the following competencies:

A. Cognitive domain

1. Describe and apply pharmacological principles to explain the mechanism/s of the effects of drugs used in diagnosis, prevention and treatment of diseases of all systems of human body.
2. Explain pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of drugs.
3. Describe mechanisms of drug-drug interactions and their clinical importance.
4. Apply and integrate knowledge of pathophysiology of diseases and its modulation by drugs.
5. Acquire knowledge on pharmacogenetics and pharmacogenomics
6. Acquire knowledge on principles of pharmacoconomics
7. Acquire knowledge on pharmacoepidemiology, including drug utilization studies.
8. Acquire knowledge and understanding of principles of Good clinical practice (GCP) and Good laboratory practice (GLP) guidelines
9. Acquire knowledge on essential medicines
10. Acquire knowledge on pharmacovigilance
11. Acquire knowledge and apply the principle of biostatistics in the evaluation and interpretation of drug safety and efficacy studies
12. Describe how to evaluate, analyse and monitor preclinical and clinical data in drug discovery
13. Able to integrate principles of immunology in biochemistry.
14. Demonstrate knowledge of basics of research methodology, develop a research protocol, conduct the study, record experimental observations, analyse data using currently available statistical software, interpret results and disseminate these results and to have the potential ability to pursue further specializations and eventually be competent to guide students.
15. Describe the principles of teaching - learning technology towards application and take interactive classroom lectures, modules for problem based learning (PBL), case discussions, small group discussions, seminars, Journal club and research presentations
16. Demonstrate knowledge about computer assisted learning (CAL) softwares and ability to use them efficiently to promote learning of pharmacology.
17. Demonstrate knowledge of principles of Instrumentation.
18. Demonstrate knowledge about recent advances and trends in research in the field of pharmacology and clinical pharmacology.

19. Acquire knowledge on generic drugs and generic prescription.
20. Acquire knowledge on rational use of drugs and prescription auditing
21. Acquire knowledge about antimicrobial stewardship programs and strategies for containment of antibiotic resistance
13. Acquire knowledge on animal toxicity studies
22. Acquire knowledge on common poisoning
23. Acquire knowledge on the legal and ethical issues involved in drug development and research.
24. Acquire knowledge in Biostatistics including use of statistical softwares:
 - Estimation Sample size for a clinical trial
 - Scales of measurement, data display, measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode)
 - Dispersion of data (variance, standard deviation)
 - Selection of tests (of significance) and their applicability
 - Correlation and regression analysis
 - Basics of systematic reviews and meta-analysis

B. Affective domain

1. Effectively explain to patients, the effects and side effects of drugs, including the need for medication adherence.
2. Communicate effectively with pharmacological reasoning with students, peers, staff and faculty, and other members of the health care team on rational use of drugs and improving spontaneous reporting of adverse events.
3. Demonstrate respect in interactions with peers, and other healthcare professionals.
4. Demonstrate ethical behavior and integrity in one's work.
5. Demonstrate ability to generate awareness about the use of generic drugs in patients.
5. Acquire skills for self-directed learning to keep up with developments in the field and to continuously build to improve on skills, expertise and perpetual professional development.

C. Psychomotor domain

1. Able to predict efficacy and adverse effects associated with use of drugs, along with causality assessment.
2. Demonstrate skills for prescription writing.
3. Perform major *in vivo* and *in vitro* animal experiments.
4. Observe and understand basic principles of working of important advanced techniques, like High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC).
5. Demonstrate standard operating procedures of various methods and techniques used in clinical trials and research.
6. Determine levels of common poisons in blood
7. Demonstrate presentation skills at academic meetings, publications and writing research projects for funding agencies.
8. Be able to analyze and evaluate a research paper

By the end of the course, the trainee should have acquired practical skills in the following:

1. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* experiments, like organ bath, analgesiometer, physiography/polygraph, convulsiometer, plethysmograph, learning and memory, models for affective disorders.
2. Administration of drugs by various routes (subcutaneous, intravenous, intraperitoneal) in experimental animals

3. Collection of blood samples and oral gavage in experimental animals
4. Preparation and administration of a drug solution in appropriate strength and volume
5. Experiments to show dose response curve of agonists (in the presence or absence of an antagonist) on various biological tissues, like
 - i) Isolated rabbit/rat/ guinea-pig intestine
 - ii) Isolated rat uterus
6. Determination of EC₅₀, ED₅₀, pD₂ and pA₂ values of drugs
7. Perform *in vivo* experiments to study effect of mydiatics and miotics on rabbit eye
8. Perform *in vivo* experiments to study effect of antiepileptic drugs using animal models of epilepsy
9. Perform *in vivo* experiments to study effect of analgesics using animal models of analgesia
10. Perform *in vivo* experiments to study effects of drugs on learning, memory and motor coordination
11. Estimate toxic drug levels using chemical and biological tests (alkaloids, glycosides, steroids, barbiturates, salicylates) by commonly used methods)
12. Clinical pharmacology
 - i) Prepare protocol for a clinical trial
 - ii) Prepare Informed consent form and participant information sheet for research involving human participants
 - iii) Report Serious Adverse Effect (SAE)
 - iv) Evaluate promotional drug literature
 - v) Prepare “Drug Information Sheet” (WHO criteria)
 - vi) Interpret bioavailability parameters with the help of given pharmacokinetics data
 - vii) Perform causality assessment and report ADR as per Pharmacovigilance Programme of India (PvPI)

Animal Experiments: All animal experiments must be compliant with Govt. of India regulations, notified from time to time. Amphibian/Dog/Cat experiments should be conducted by computer assisted simulation models/ facilities. Other experiments should be performed as permissible by CPCSEA guidelines

IV. SYLLABUS

The **course contents** should cover the following broad topics:

1. Basic and molecular pharmacology
2. Drug receptors and Pharmacodynamics
3. Pharmacokinetics (Absorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion)
4. Biotransformation
5. Pharmacogenomics and Pharmacogenetics
6. Autonomic Pharmacology
7. Drugs acting on Smooth muscles
8. Clinical pharmacology
9. Drug development and Regulations
10. Clinical Pharmacokinetics
11. Drugs acting on Synaptic and Neuroeffector Junctional sites
12. Drugs acting on Central Nervous System (Sedative, Hypnotics, Antiepileptics, General Anesthetics, Local Anesthetics, Skeletal Muscle Relaxants, Antipsychotic, Antidepressants, Drugs used in Parkinson’s disease and other neurodegenerative disorders, opioid agonists and antagonists, Drugs of abuse)
13. Drugs modifying renal function

14. Drugs acting on cardiovascular system and haemostatic mechanisms (Antihypertensives, Antianginal, Antiarrhythmics, Drugs used in heart failure, Drugs used in Dyslipidemias, Fibrinolytics, Anticoagulants, Antiplatelets)
15. Reproductive Pharmacology
16. Agents effecting calcification and bone turnover
17. Autacoids and related pharmacological agents (NSAIDs) and drugs used in Rheumatoid arthritis and Gout
18. Gastrointestinal drugs
19. Pharmacology of drugs affecting the respiratory system (drugs used in Bronchial Asthma and COPD)
20. Antimicrobial, antiparasitics, disinfectants, antiseptics
21. Chemotherapy of neoplastic disease
22. Antiviral drugs
23. Drugs used in Autoimmune disorder and Graft versus Host Disease)
24. Dermatological pharmacology
25. Ocular pharmacology
26. Use of drugs in pregnancy
27. Perinatal and Pediatric Pharmacology
28. Geriatric Pharmacology
29. Immunomodulators - immunosuppressants and immunostimulants
30. Pharmacology of drugs used in endocrine disorders (drugs used in diabetes mellitus, hypothalamic and pituitary hormones, thyroid and antithyroid drugs, adrenocorticoid hormones and their antagonists, gonadal hormones and their inhibitors)
31. Drug delivery systems
32. Heavy metal poisoning
33. Non-metallic toxicants - air pollutants, pesticides etc.
34. Research methodology and biostatistics
35. Literature search.
36. Pharmacogenomics, Pharmacovigilance (ADR reporting), pharmacoeconomics (cost-effectiveness study) and pharmacoepidemiology
37. Over the counter drugs
38. Dietary supplements and herbal medicines
39. Pharmacometrics - methods of drug evaluation.
40. General screening and evaluation of:
 - Analgesics, antipyretics, anticonvulsants, anti-inflammatory drugs, antidepressants, antianxiety and antipsychotics, sedatives, muscle relaxants, antihypertensives, hypocholesterolaemic agents, anti-arrhythmics, diuretics, adrenergic blocking drugs
 - Drugs used in peptic ulcer diseases/Prokinetic agents/ antiemetics
 - Antitussives, /anti-asthma agents
 - Local Anaesthetics
 - Oxytocics, antifertility agents
 - Antidiabetics
 Behavioral pharmacology models and evaluation of drugs affecting learning and memory
41. Bioassays
 - Bioassay methods
 - Animal experiments: Ethical considerations, ethical approval, applicable regulatory Guidelines (CPCSEA), humane animal research (principles of 3Rs) and alternatives to animal experimentation. General and statistical considerations
 - Anesthetics used in laboratory animals
 - Principles of EC₅₀, ED₅₀, pD₂ and pA₂ values of drugs

- Describe methods of bioassay for estimation of :
Acetylcholine, skeletal neuromuscular junction blockers, adrenaline, noradrenaline, histamine, 5 HT, hormones, insulin, vasopressin/oxytocin, estrogen, progestins, ACTH
- Competitive antagonism - pA_2 values
- Immunoassays: Concept, types of bioassays and their application/s
- Animal experiments: Ethical consideration, ethical approval
- Regulatory Guidelines (CPCSEA) and alternatives to animal experimentation

42. **Biochemical Pharmacology**

- Basic principles and applications of simple analytical methods
- Principles of quantitative estimation of drugs, endogenous compounds and poisons using Colorimetry, Spectrophotometry, flame photometry, High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) and enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).

V. *TEACHING AND LEARNING METHODS*

Postgraduate teaching programme

Teaching methodology

Learning in a PG program is primarily self-directed and in Pharmacology consists of laboratory and academic work. The formal sessions are merely meant to supplement this core effort. Acquisition of practical competencies thus becomes the cornerstone of postgraduate medical education in Pharmacology.

Formal teaching sessions

- In addition to laboratory work, at least 6-hr of formal teaching per week is necessary. The departments may select a mix of the following sessions:

Journal club	Once a week
Seminar	Once a week
Practical	Once a week
Group Discussions	Once a week
Case discussions	Once a month
Interdepartmental case or seminar	Once a month

Note: These sessions may be organized as an institutional activity for all postgraduates.

- Attend accredited scientific meetings (CME, symposia, and conferences).
- A postgraduate student of a postgraduate degree course in broad specialities/super specialities would be required to present one poster presentation, to read one paper at a national/state conference and to present one research paper which should be published/accepted for publication/sent for publication during the period of his postgraduate studies so as to make him eligible to appear at the postgraduate degree examination.
- Additional sessions on basic sciences, biostatistics, research methodology, teaching methodology, hospital waste management, health economics, medical ethics and legal issues related to experimentation are suggested.

- There should be a training program on Research methodology for existing faculty to build capacity to guide research and for keeping abreast with rapidly evolving methods and techniques in related disciplines.
- The postgraduate students shall be required to participate in the teaching and training programme of undergraduate students and interns.
- **Log book:** During the training period, the post graduate student should maintain a Log Book giving details of experimentation done and skills acquired. The log book shall be used to aid the internal evaluation of the student. The Log books shall be checked and assessed periodically by the faculty members imparting the training.
- Department should encourage e-learning activities.

The postgraduate student in M.D (Pharmacology) shall undergo a 3 - year (6 terms of 6 months each) training that will comprise of the following:

- I Theory: (lectures, seminars, group discussion, journal club) (at least 6 hours a week, daily 2 hours for 3 days)
- II **Rotation:**
Practical training in the following suggested areas: (8 hours a week, daily 4 hours for 2 days)
 - **Experimental Pharmacology:**
In vitro (including bioassays), *in vivo* (including common methods of drug evaluation) experiments, computer simulations and toxicity tests
 - **Chemical Pharmacology:**
Identification of drug/toxin by using chemical, biological and analytical tests. Quantitative estimation - Use of colorimeter, spectrophotometer and/or other advanced analytical equipments
 - **Clinical Pharmacology:**
 - I. Evaluation of drugs in healthy volunteers as well as patients
 - II. Critical evaluation of drug literature, pharmacoconomics, pharmacovigilance and pharmacoepidemiology.
 - III. Thesis on a suitable problem
 - IV. Training in undergraduate teaching
 - V. Computer training

During the training programme, patient safety is of paramount importance; therefore, skills are to be learnt initially on the models, later to be performed under supervision followed by performing independently; for this purpose, provision of skills laboratories in medical colleges is mandatory.

VI. ASSESSMENT

FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT ie., assessment during the training

Formative assessment should be continual and should assess medical knowledge, patient care, procedural & academic skills, interpersonal skills, professionalism, self directed learning and ability to practice in the system.

General Principles

Internal Assessment should be frequent, cover all domains of learning and used to provide feedback to improve learning; it should also cover professionalism and communication skills. The Internal Assessment should be conducted in theory and practical/clinical examination.

Quarterly assessment during the MD training should be based on:

1. **Journal based / recent advances learning**
2. **Patient based /Laboratory or Skill based learning**
3. **Self directed learning and teaching**
4. **Departmental and interdepartmental learning activity**
5. **External and Outreach Activities / CMEs**

The student to be assessed periodically as per categories listed in postgraduate student appraisal form (Annexure I)

SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT, ie., assessment at the end of training

The summative examination would be carried out as per the Rules given in POSTGRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION REGULATIONS, 2000.

The post graduate examination shall be in three parts:

1. Thesis

Every post graduate student shall carry out work on an assigned research project under the guidance of a recognised Post Graduate Teacher, the result of which shall be written up and submitted in the form of a Thesis. Work for writing the Thesis is aimed at contributing to the development of a spirit of enquiry, besides exposing the post graduate student to the techniques of research, critical analysis, acquaintance with the latest advances in medical science and the manner of identifying and consulting available literature.

Thesis shall be submitted at least six months before the Theory and Clinical / Practical examination. The thesis shall be examined by a minimum of three examiners; one internal and two external examiners, who shall not be the examiners for Theory and Clinical examination. A post graduate student shall be allowed to appear for the Theory and Practical/Clinical examination only after the acceptance of the Thesis by the examiners.

2. Theory examination:

The examinations shall be organized on the basis of 'Grading' or 'Marking system' to evaluate and to certify post graduate student's level of knowledge, skill and competence at the end of the training. Obtaining a minimum of 50% marks in 'Theory' as well as 'Practical' separately shall be mandatory for passing examination as a whole. The examination for M.D./ MS shall be held at the end of 3rd academic year. An academic term shall mean six month's training period.

There shall be four theory papers:

Paper I: General Pharmacology

Paper II: Clinical Pharmacology

Paper III: Systemic Pharmacology

Paper IV: Recent Advances in Pharmacology

3. Practical/clinical and Oral/viva voce examination Practical:

a) Long Experiment:

Demonstrating effects of drugs/interpretation of results in anesthetized animal Table exercise - Examples are given below:

- Calculating pharmacokinetic parameters
- Statistical exercise
- Critical appraisal of a published paper (abstract writing of a published paper)
- Evaluation of drug literature.
- Protocol designing
- ADR reporting and causality assessment
- Assessment of preclinical toxicity data
- Analysis of rational and irrational formulations

b) Short experiment

a. Isolated tissue experiment (Bioassay of drugs) (as per Govt regulations)

Or

interpretation of results of a previous tracing

b. *In vivo* experiment

c) Spotting exercises: Various drug delivery systems, inhalers, insulin syringe, drip chamber, various tablets, etc.

Oral/Viva voce Examination

Microteaching (teaching exercise)

Discussion on dissertation

Principles of general and systemic pharmacology

Recent advances in pharmacology & drug therapy

VII. MANDATORY COMPLIANCE

- 1 The Model Weekly Time Table for Teaching learning activities is enclosed as : **Annexure – I**
- 2 Mandatory compliance of a PG student in T.L. process and CIA during the three year of study are given in : **Annexure – II**
- 3 The units for Quarterly assessment for CIA is given in : **Annexure – III**
- 4 Post Graduate student Quarterly Appraisal form for CIA is enclosed as : **Annexure – IV**
- 5 Mandatory Requirements to be eligible to appear for the University Summative Evaluation Examination is given in : **Annexure – V**

- 6 The Proforma of the Certificate on Attendance, Training Completion, Publication and Presentation Research / Poster / oral submission of Dissertation and present of all theory practical fee to be duly filled in and duly signed by PG Guide HOD, Finance Officer, Dean of faculty an HOI to be submitted to university COE before the issue of Hall Ticket for final exam is given us : **Annexure – VI**
- 7 The model QP pattern of paper I/II/III/IV, each of 100 marks and of 3 hours duration is enclosed as : **Annexure – VII**
- 8 The model Blue print for setting of Question papers and proper verbs/ phrases to be used in QP setting is given in : **Annexure – VIII**
- 9 The model marks list for practical and Vivavoce for PG medical MD/MS/ examination is enclosed as. : **Annexure – IX**

VIII. RECOMMENDED READING MATERIAL

Books (latest edition)

1. Goodman & Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics, ed. Laurence Brunton, Bruce A. Chabner, Bjorn Knollman.
2. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, by KD Tripathi
3. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, by Bertram G. Katzung and Anthony J. Trevor
4. Drug Discovery and Evaluation: Pharmacological Assays Editors: Vogel, Hans
5. Clinical Pharmacology by Laurence, Bennett and Brown
6. Rang and Dale's Pharmacology by H.P. Rang
- 7.
8. Koda Kimble and Youngs Applied Therapeutics by Brian K Alldredge and Robin L Corelli

Journals

03-05 international Journals and 02 national (all indexed) journals

P.G. Teaching Time Table – Model

Clinical postings (OPD – IPD Duties Ward Rounds, Casualty posting, ICU posting, posting to support Departments like Radiology, Anaesthesia CCL , Pathology, FMT, Postings to field work and PHCs Camps and other postings as per provisions of MCI, are mandatory on all week Day as per posting.

Day of the week	Time 03 to 5 PM
Monday	Journal Club
Tuesday	Case presentation / Micro Clinic- Patient based Training
Wednesday	Seminar / GD / Panel Discussion
Thursday	Lecture by Faculty on select Topics
Friday	Clinical Meet / CPC / CME
Saturday	Guest Lecture by Experts / Skill Lab or Simulation Lab
Sunday (Select ones)	Medical Camps / Blood Donation Camp / Other types of Camps

Note

1. The Dept may select suitable days for a particular task assigned. But all of 7 tasks per week are a must
2. All the PG Teachers, PG students must attend these PG TLE Activities.
3. Attendance for these activities shall be maintained at the Department and Institutions. Implementation of the MCI Regulations, Syllabus and Time Table is the responsibility of HOD / HOI.

HOD**HOI****DEAN OF FACULTY****REGISTRAR**

Annexure – II

**Mandatory Compliance of a PG student in Teaching – Learning
Activities
As per MCI Regulations Syllabus and Advisory**

Sr. No.	Activities to be carried at by a PG student	Number per I st year (Minimum)	Number Per II nd Year (Minimum)	Number per III rd year (Minimum)	Total Number (Minimum) For 3 years
1	Presentation of Journal Articles in Journal club	12	12	6	30
2	a Case Presentation / Clinic	4	8	8	20
	b Skill Lab & Simulation	4	4	4	12
3	a Presentation of Seminars	4	4	4	12
	b Leading a Group Discussion on a select Topic	4	4	4	12
	c Assignment submission	4	4	4	12
4	a Lectures / Tutorials to UG students /panel Discussion	4	4	4	12
	b Clinical meeting CMC/ CPC	12	12	12	36
	c BLS	1	--	--	1
	d ACLS	1	--	--	1
5	Medical Camps Health Checkup at Villages / Schools/ Blood Donation / etc.	6	6	6	18
6	a Orientation Programme	1	1	1	3
	b Research Methodology Workshop	1	--	--	1
	c Presentation of synopsis of the Thesis / Dissertation	1	--	--	1
	d Presentation of Mid Term work of Thesis / Dissertation	--	1	--	1
	e Presentation of final Draft of Dissertation / Thesis	--	--	1	1
	f Presentation of Research Article	--	0 or 1	0 or 1	1
	g Publication of an Article	--	0 or 1	0 or 1	1 or 2
7	LOG Book	1 (a)	1 (b)	1 (c)	1 a+b+c
8	CIA	4	4	4	12
9	Any other Activity Specified by Dept.				

- Note :- 1. The Department may conduct periodic preparatory tests in Theory / Practical/Clinicals and Vivavoce. Quiz and MCQ test may to be adopted
2. The 12th CIA may also include a preparation examination on the model of university examination as a training cum assessment

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Annexure – III

Units of Quarterly Assessment of Every student (Internal)
Formative Assessment – Quarterly Assessment (Total 12 CIAs)
 As per Annexure III.

1. Journal Based / Recent Advances learning

(Bases on Journal Clubs / Select Article Presentation , Review Article preparation and presentation)

2. Patient Based and Laboratory Based and skill Based learning

(Based on clinical Posting – OPD / IPD Ward Rounds/ casualty/ Case Examination/ presentation /Diagnosis / Interpretation /of Clinical Diagnostics/ Differential Diagnosis, Prognosis/ Morbidity/ Mortality/ Community Medicine/ Promotion/ prevention/ Control/ Prophylaxis/ Epidemiology/ Simulation Studies/ Skill Based Studies and so on)

3. Self Directed Learning and Teaching

(Seminars Panel Discussion Group Discussion, Assignments, Case studies, Preparation of Charts and Models etc. , Role Play, Debates, Moot courts, etc)

4. Departmental and Inter Departmental Learning Activities.

(Participation in UG/PG teaching / Horizontal and Vertical Integrated Lectures, Clinical meeting / CPC / CME)

5. External and out research Activities

(Participation in Camps, Posting and Visit to PHCs, Satellite clinics, Mobile Clinics, Health checkup Camps, Blood Donation Camps, Immunization Camps school Visits. Crisis / Disaster Management, Celebration of Commemorative Days and soon)

6. Thesis / Dissertation Research Work related to selected Topic

7. a) Log Book maintenance/ Portfolio management - To maintain LOG Book or portfolio management of all the TL Activities
 b) Presentation / Publications of Research Article

No.	Particulars	Minimum for 3 months
1	Journal based Recent Advance Learning- Presentation of select Article in Journal clubs	3
2	a Patient Based laboratory or Skill based learning- Case presentation / Clinic	1 (1 st year) 2 (2 nd & 3 rd year)
	b Skill Lab / Simulation Lab Work	1
3	a Self Directed Learning & Teaching- Presentation of Seminar	1
	b Leading a Group Discussion on select Topic in GD	1
	c Assignment Submission	1
4	a Lecture / Tutorials / Panel Discussions with UG students	1
	b Clinical Meetings (CME's) CPC/Dept. meeting	3
5	Medical Camps	1
6	Dissertation Work Research methodology workshop	Yes / No
7	Log Book & Attendance	Yes / No
8	Any other Activity Prescribed (T/P/Viva)	Yes / No

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Annexure IV

Postgraduate Students Appraisal Form
Pre / Para /Clinical Disciplines – MD/MS Degree

Name of the Department/Unit : Roll No.:
 Name of the PG Student :
 Period of Training : FROM.....TO.....
 Quarterly Assessment (1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12)

Sr. No.	PARTICULARS	Not Satisfactory			Satisfactory			More Than Satisfactory			Remarks
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
1.	Journal based / Recent advances learning										
2.	Patient based/Laboratory or Skill based learning										
3.	Self-directed learning and teaching										
4.	Departmental and interdepartmental learning activity										
5.	External and Outreach Activities / CMEs										
6.	Thesis / Research work										
7.	Log Book Maintenance										
8.	Performance in Theory/Practical/Viva voce Tests										
	Overall Assessment										

- **Publications of Research Article** Yes/No
- **Presentation of Research Article**
- **The student has complied with mandatory requirement for quarterly assessment & presentation of Research Profile** Yes/No

Remarks* _____

***REMARKS:** Any significant positive or negative attributes of a postgraduate student to be mentioned. For score less than 4 in any category, remediation must be suggested. Individual feedback to postgraduate student is strongly recommended.

SIGNATURE OF ASSESSEE

SIGNATURE OF HOD

 HEAD OF THE INSTITUTION

Annexure - V

**Mandatory Requirements to be eligible to appear for
university Summative Examination / Evaluation – As per MCI Regulations.
(As per MCI Medical Education Regulation 2000, amended from time to time till
date)**

1. Minimum percent of Attendance as per MCI Regulations.
2. Satisfactory performance in 12 CIA conducted and certified by HOD HOI and PG Guide.
3. Certificate from F.O. stating that all the fees due from the student are paid and credited to PIMS-DU A/c
4. Presentation of a Research Article / Poster in a national / state level conference /Seminar / Workshop.
5. Publication of a Research Articles as first – author in (indexed in Scopus or Web of Science or as fixed by MCI Regulations and visited by UGC (ARE list).
6. a) Thesis – Finalisation of Topic and Title – submission of Synopsis following IEC clearance within 6 months of Adm. Topics
 b) After II year of Admission or 3 terms Midterm Review .
 c) Thesis to be submitted at least 6 months before final examination.
 d) Thesis to be examined by 3 Examiners. (1 Internal and 2 External PG Examiners)
 e) Its Acceptance is a must for appearing for University T & P Exam

Note :- HOD & HOI shall ensure provisions of 1,2,3,4,5,6 a,b,c. The COE shall ensure provisions of 1,2,3,4,5,6 a,b,c ,d,e & e as per MCI Regulations

HEAD OF DEPARTMENT

HEAD OF INSTITUTION

DEAN OF FACULTY REGISTRAR

Annexure - VI

Ref. No. _____

Date: _____

Compliance to MCI's Regulations Governing Post Graduate Programme in Medical Faculty

Department of _____ PG Programme: MD/ MS in _____

Name of Candidate: _____, JR-III

PRN No. _____ Date of Admission _____

Certification on
Attendance and Training Completion
Publication & Presentation of Research Articles (Poster/ Oral)
Submission of Dissertation & Payment of All types of prescribed fees

It is hereby certified that the said candidate JR-III in the Dept. of _____ at Rural Medical College has completed 6 academic terms/ 3 academic years and fulfilled the prevailing provisions of the MCI Regulations governing MD/MS PG programmes and the rules of PMT, PIMS-DU. Details are as under.

1.	Attendance Fulfillment *	% Attendance	Remark – Eligibility
	I Academic Term		
	II Academic Term		
	III Academic Term		
	IV Academic Term		
	V Academic Term		
	VI Academic Term		
	Overall fulfillment		Fulfilled / Not Fulfilled
* Fulfillment of a minimum of 80% of attendance/ academic term, for 6 terms/ 3 years including imparted training, assignment, fulltime responsibilities and participation in all facets of PG education process including periodic assessment and so on as per MCI Regulations.			
2.	Log Book maintained as per MCI Regulations & Fulfilled the graded responsibilities in the management and treatment of patients entrusted for their care Verified by Dr. _____ Certified by Dr. _____		Yes/ No
3.	Successful participation in teaching and training programmes organized by the department for UG and Interns		
4.	Presented and Participated in Seminars, Journal Clubs, Case Presentations, Group Discussions, Clinical Meetings, CME Ward Round, CPC, Practicals organized by the Department as per the timetable.		
5.	Participated in training sessions in diagnostics, medical/ surgical training, in basic/ applied medical and allied clinical specialties and Medical Camps as per the timetable		
6.	The Performance of the PG students in 12 CIAs (Conducted quarterly) are satisfactory as per appraisal proforma as per MCI Regulations.		
7.	Presented one research poster and one research article (oral) in a Seminar/		

	Symposia/ Workshop/ Conference (National/State). The certificates for presentation of paper/ poster are enclosed.	
8.	Published one research article in a scientific journal as per norms. The copy of the published research article is enclosed.	
9.	Submitted a Dissertation entitled _____ _____ _____ under the guidance of Dr. _____	
10.	Paid all the fees (tution fees and other fees) vide receipt No. _____ for all 3 years.	
11.	Produced NOC from all the sections of PMT PIMS-DU concerned about "NO DUES"	
12.	Paid Examination fees of Rs. _____ vide Challan/ Receipt No. _____ dated _____ issued by Finance Officer PIMS-DU.	

It is hereby declared that the all the duly certified and verified documents, related to the aspects mentioned above, are in the custody of department concerned and student section of Rural Medical College with due authentication and signature of concerned HOD/ Dean/ Principal/ Dean of Faculty) and will be made available for any MCI inspection as per norms and Regulations.

Accordingly He/She is eligible/ not eligible for appearing in final year PG examination as per the MCI Regulations governing PG Programmes.

PG Guide

Dr. _____

Seal

Head of the Department

Dr. _____

Verified and certified that all types of prescribed fees and fines PMT, PIMS-DU, College, Hostel & Others mentioned at sl.no. 10, 11, 12 are paid by the student and credited to the accounts of PMT & PIMS-DU.

Seal

Finance Officer
PIMS-DU

Verified the relevant documents and certify that the candidate is eligible to appear for final year PG Examination as per MCI Regulations and rules of PIMS-DU.

Dean

Faculty of Medicine

Seal

Dean

Rural Medical College

Ref _____

For Officer Use Only

Date: _____

The HOD, HOI and Dean have certified that the

- Candidate is eligible to appear for PG Theory and Practical/ Clinical Examination as per MCI Regulations. F.O. has certified that all the fees has been credited to PMT, PIMS-DU Accounts.

- b. The Dissertation submitted has been evaluated by external examiners and then have approved the same for acceptance as per MCI Regulations.
- c. Hence the candidate be permitted to appear for the PG examinations (Theory & Practical/ Clinical) scheduled in the month of _____ year _____.

Controller of Examinations



Submitted for perusal and approval

Vice Chancellor

Annexure – VII

**PRAVARA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES
(Deemed to be University)**

Post Graduate Degree in Pharmacology (MD)

Examination _____ 20__

Paper – I/ II/ III/ IV

Paper Title : _____ **Date:** / /20

Marks : 100 **Time:**

Instructions to candidate:

- 1) All questions are compulsory
- 2) Answer written in illegible handwriting will not be assessed.
- 3) Write answers on both sides of answer paper.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 5) Write prescription where indicated, and in the use of drugs their doses should be given.

Que. 1		Marks 20
Que. 2		Marks 20
Que. 3		Marks 20
Que. 4	Write Short notes on	Marks 40 (10x4)
	a	
	b	
	c	
	d	

Annexure – VIII

Table 1: Showing BLUEPRINTING for theory paper setting

The number of Questions & their distribution of marks shall be as per MCI model Question Paper [only Illustration]

LAQ/ SAQ and their Marks								
LEVEL	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Total
	Mark	Mark	Mark	Mark	Mark	Mark	Mark	
Knowledge								
Comprehension								
Application								
Analysis								
synthesis								
Evaluation								
TOTAL								1000

The Questions (Whether LAQ or SAQ) Must aim at assessing all the 6 domains

Note: This is only an illustration. Actual Number of Questions and their distribution of marks shall be as per model Question Paper of MCI. (i.e. regarding the number of LAQ / SAQ and their marks distribution)

Table 2: Showing appropriate verbs suitable to level of knowledge for theory paper setting

Level	Suggested Verbs
Knowledge	Define, Describe, Draw, Find, Enumerate, Cite, Name, Identify, List, label, Match, Sequence, Write, State
Comprehension	Discuss, Conclude, Articulate, Associate, Estimate, Rearrange, Demonstrate understanding, Explain, Generalize, Identify, Illustrate, Interpret, Review, Summarize
Application	Apply, Choose, Compute, Modify, Solve, Prepare, Produce, Select, Show, Transfer, Use
Analysis	Analyze, Characterize, Classify, Compare, Contrast, Debate, Diagram, Differentiate, Distinguish, Relate, Categorize
Synthesis	Compose, Construct, Create, Verify, Determine, Design, Develop, Integrate, Organize, Plan, Produce, Propose, rewrite
Evaluation	Appraise, Assess, Conclude, Critic, Decide, Evaluate, judge, Justify, Predict, Prioritize, Prove, Rank

Table 3: Showing examples of theory questions

Sr. No.	Type	Explanation	Examples
1	Long essay question	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Question should pose clinical problem that will require student to apply knowledge along with integration with disciplines ✓ Avoid one liner as question ✓ Question stem should be structured ✓ Marking distribution should be provided ✓ Use of proper verbs from higher domains as given in this document ✓ Avoid recall based questions 	
2	Short notes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Sample a wider content ✓ Questions should be task oriented ✓ Reasoning questions provide opportunity for testing integration, clinical reasoning and analytical ability of the student 	

Table 4: Showing Objective structured clinical examination [OSCE] typical station

Sr. No.	Type of station	Time allotted	Example	Evaluation
1	Procedure			
2	Response			

Annexure – IX

**University Examination
Model Marks Sheet
For Practical / Clinical Examination and Viva voce**

Duration _____
400

Max Mark –

Illustration only

No.	Type of Examination	Marks Allotted	Scored
1	Long Cases		
2	a) Short cases (No. of small cases and Marks for each cases) 1/2/3/4----- b) Ward Round c) Any other		
3	Spotter / OSPE/ Oral / Vivavoce Sub Divisions i) iv) ii) v) iii) vi)		
	Ground Total	400	

PG Examiners	Name	Signature
1	Chairman Name	
2	Internal Examiner	
3	External Examiner	
4	External Examiner	

Date:-

Place :-

- Note:-
- 1) The Number of cases, type of cases and type of practical and orals / vivavoce and their distributions of marks shall be as per MCI Regulations / Syllabi.
 - 2) The HOD / Chairman / Co Chairman BOS shall ensure at this proforma is prepared as per the MCI Regulations / Syllabi.



Handwritten Signature
Registrar
Pravara Institute of Medical Sciences
(Deemed to be University)
Loni - 413736, Tal. Rahata
Dist. Ahmednagar (M.S. India)